

Crystal growth, ARPES and DFT studies of topological nodal line semimetal ZrAs_2

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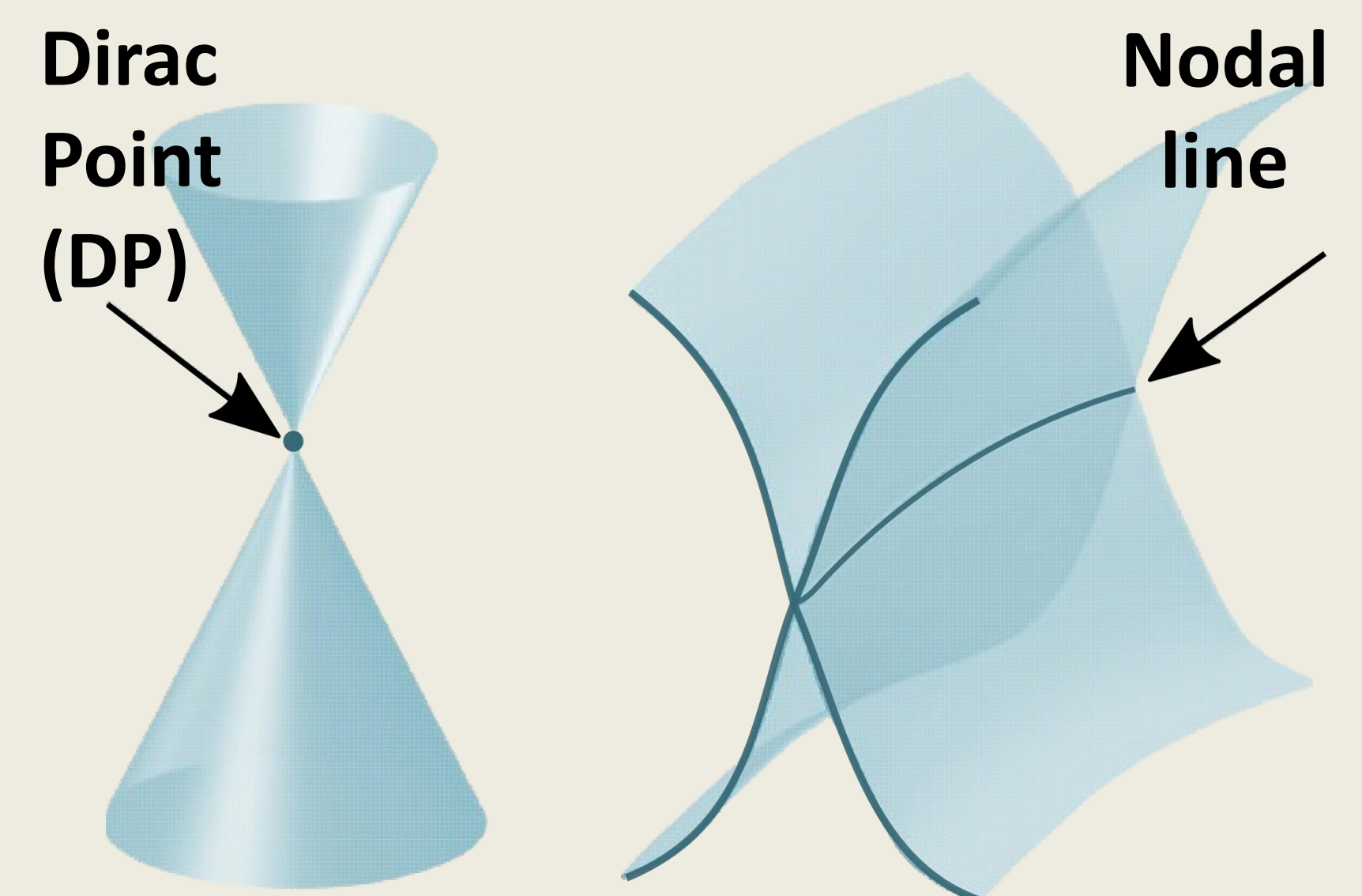
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Motivation:

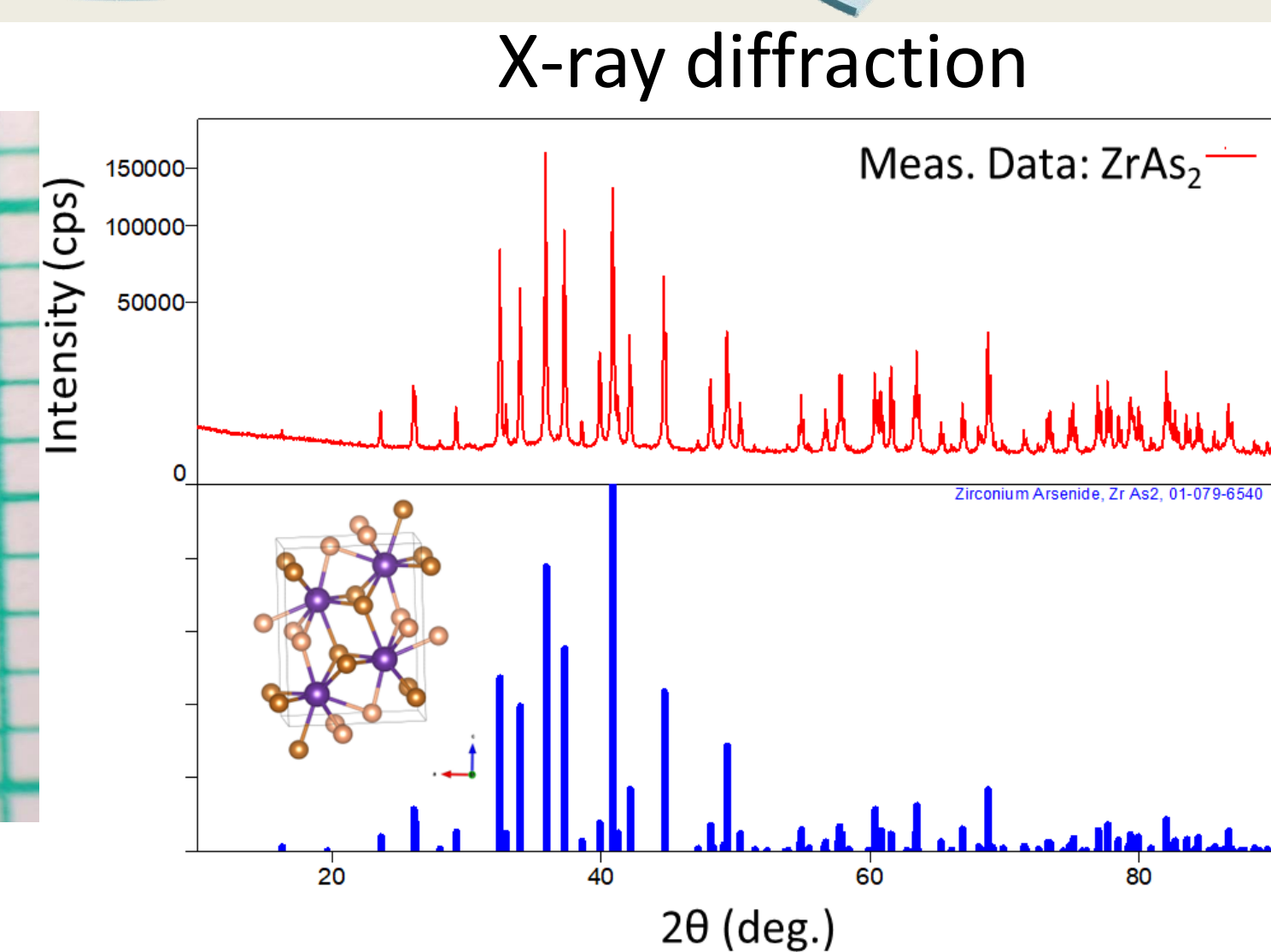
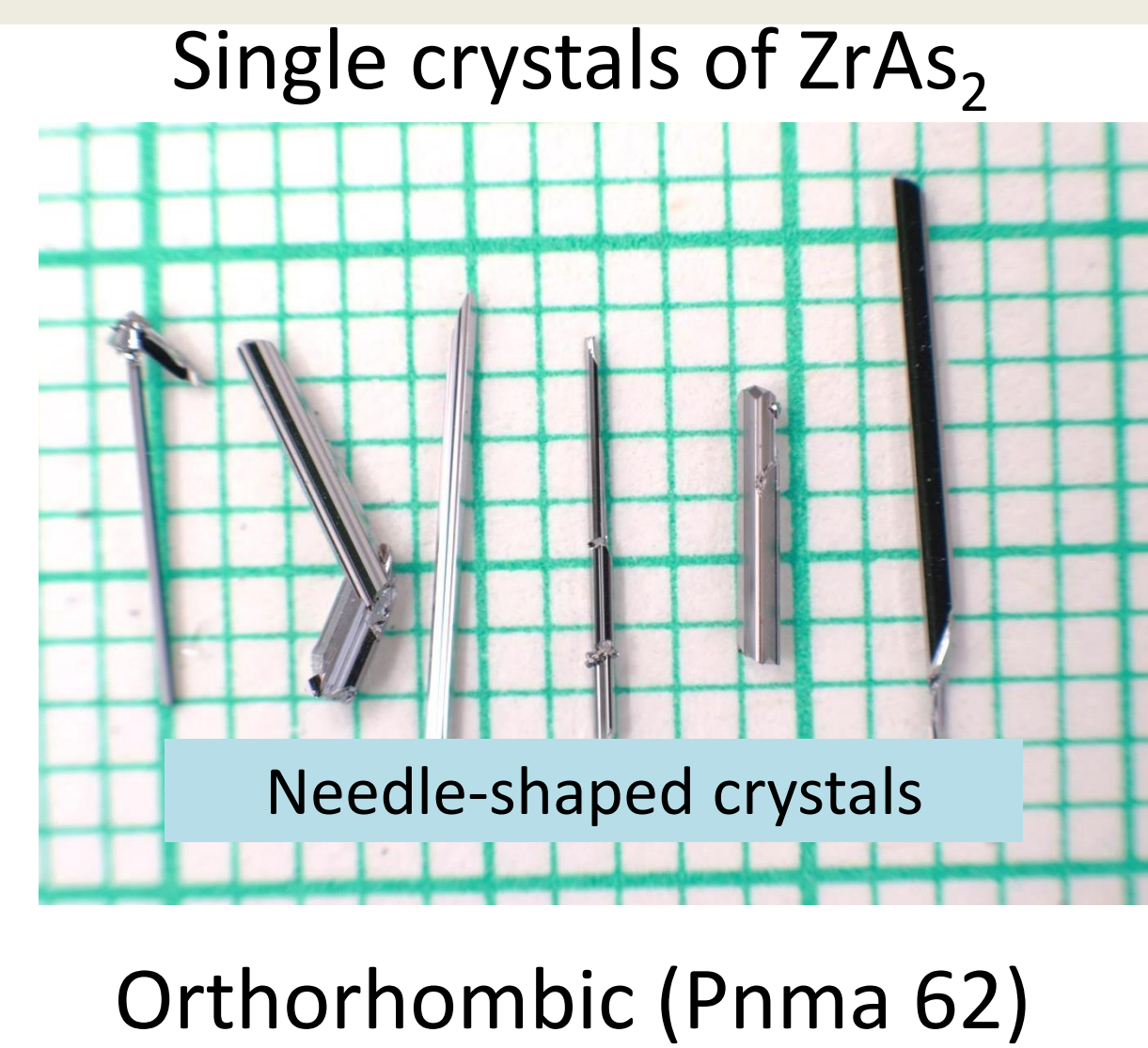
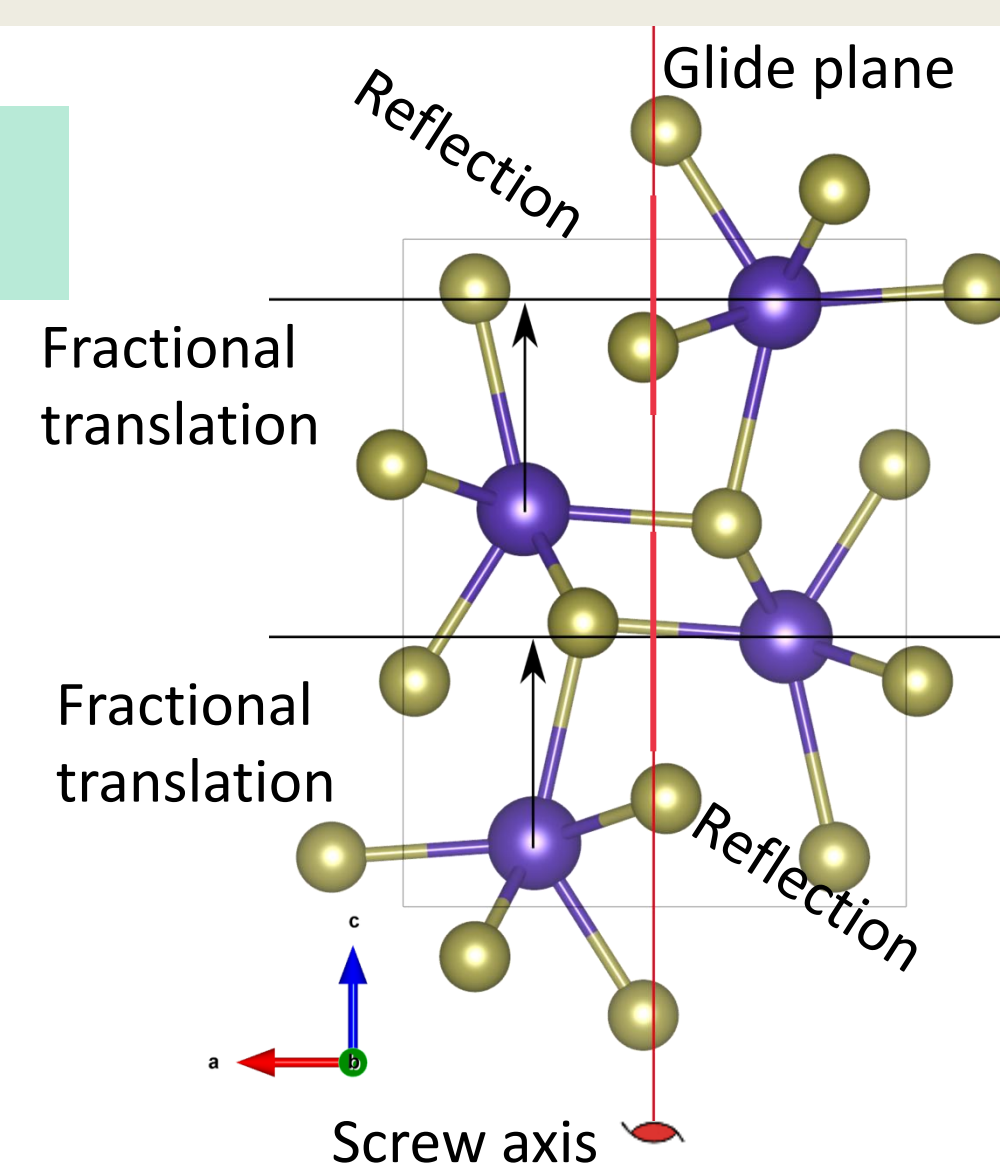
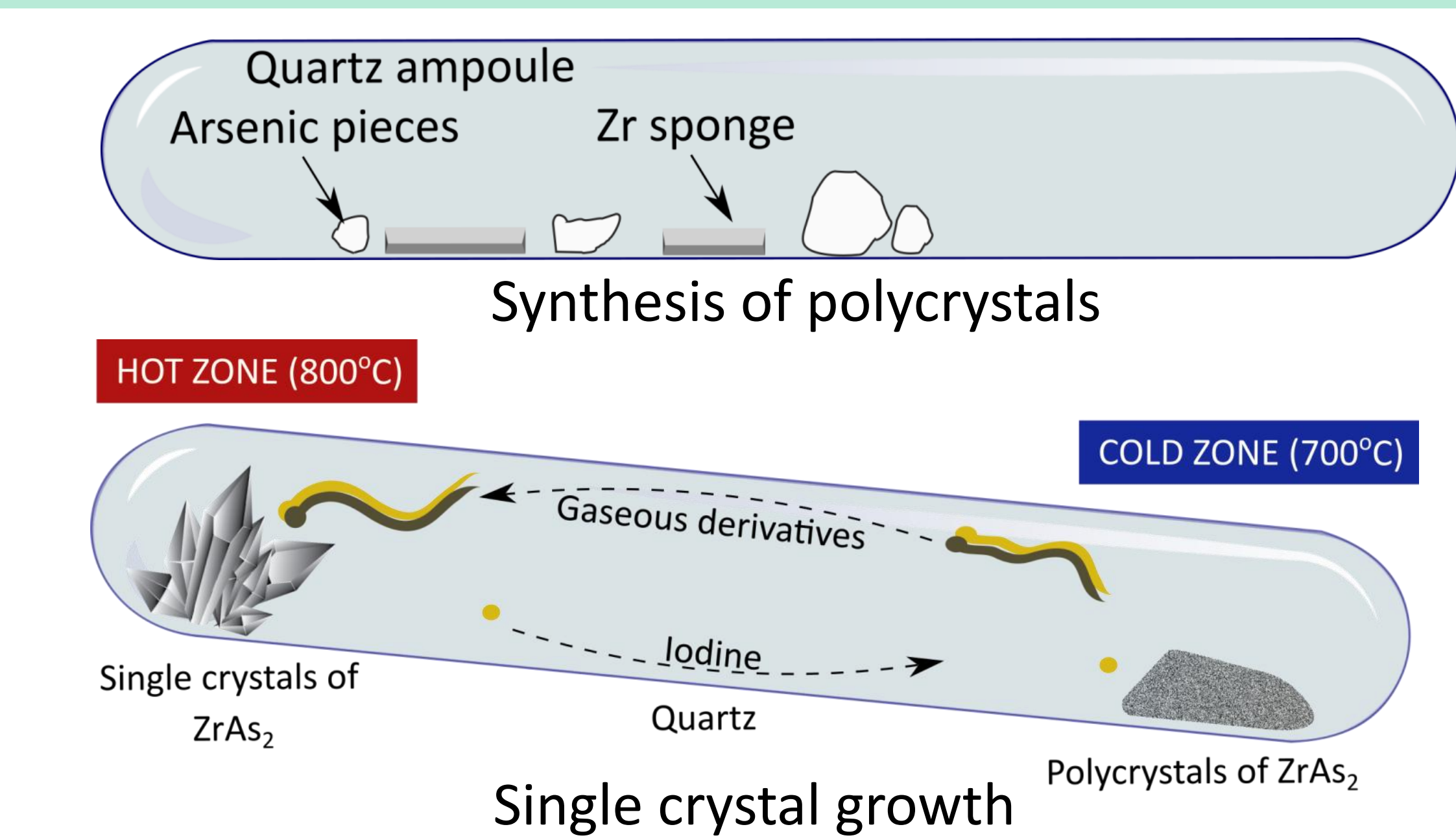
In nodal line semimetals, conduction and valence bands intersect along a one-dimensional path within the three-dimensional Brillouin zone. Furthermore, any external influence or perturbation applied to the system maintains a specific symmetry group [1, 2]. ZrAs_2 possess the non-symmorphic symmetry along with the inversion and time reversal symmetry (TRS).

Nodal lines give rise to extremely large magnetoresistance, SdH oscillations and symmetry enforced band crossings [3, 4]

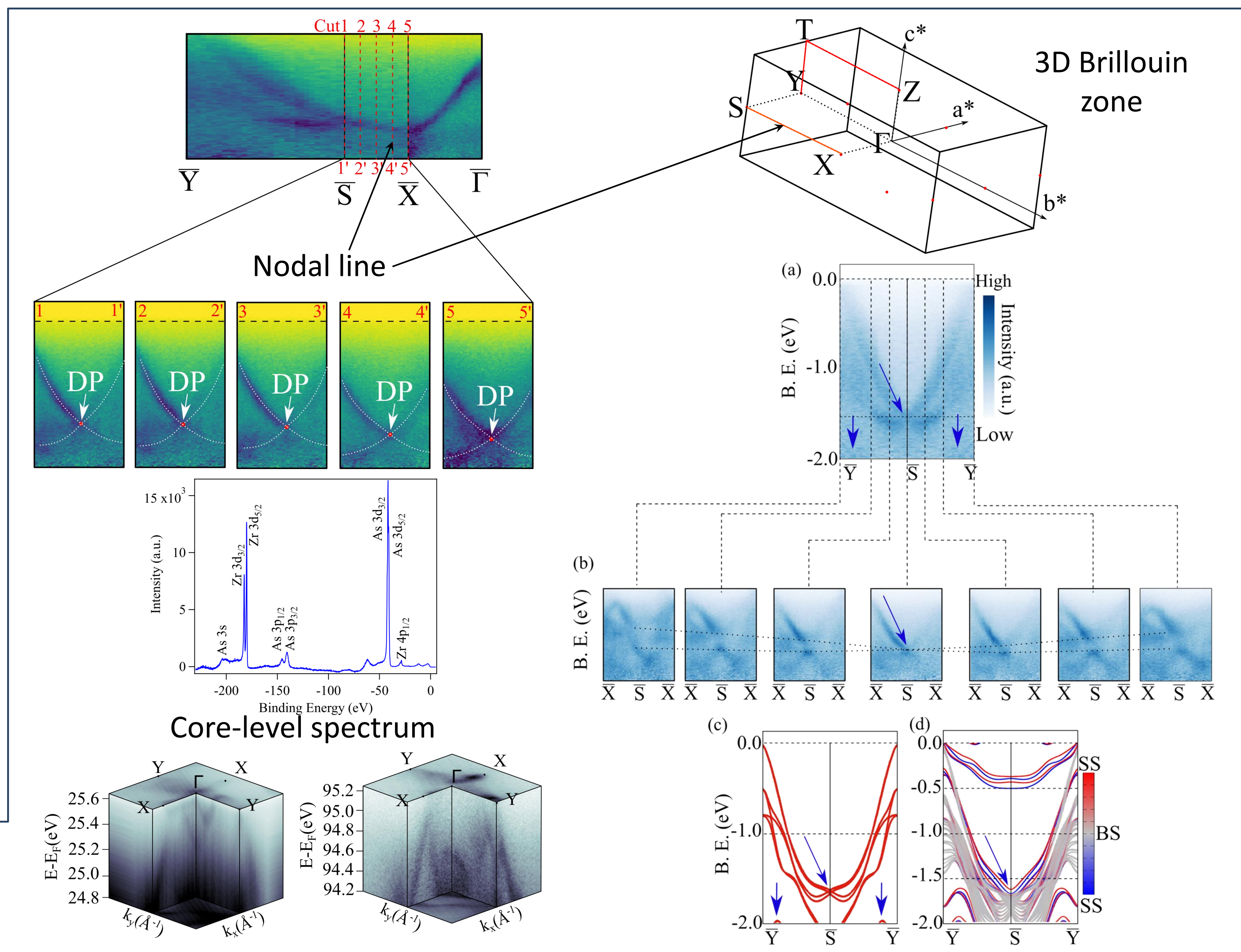
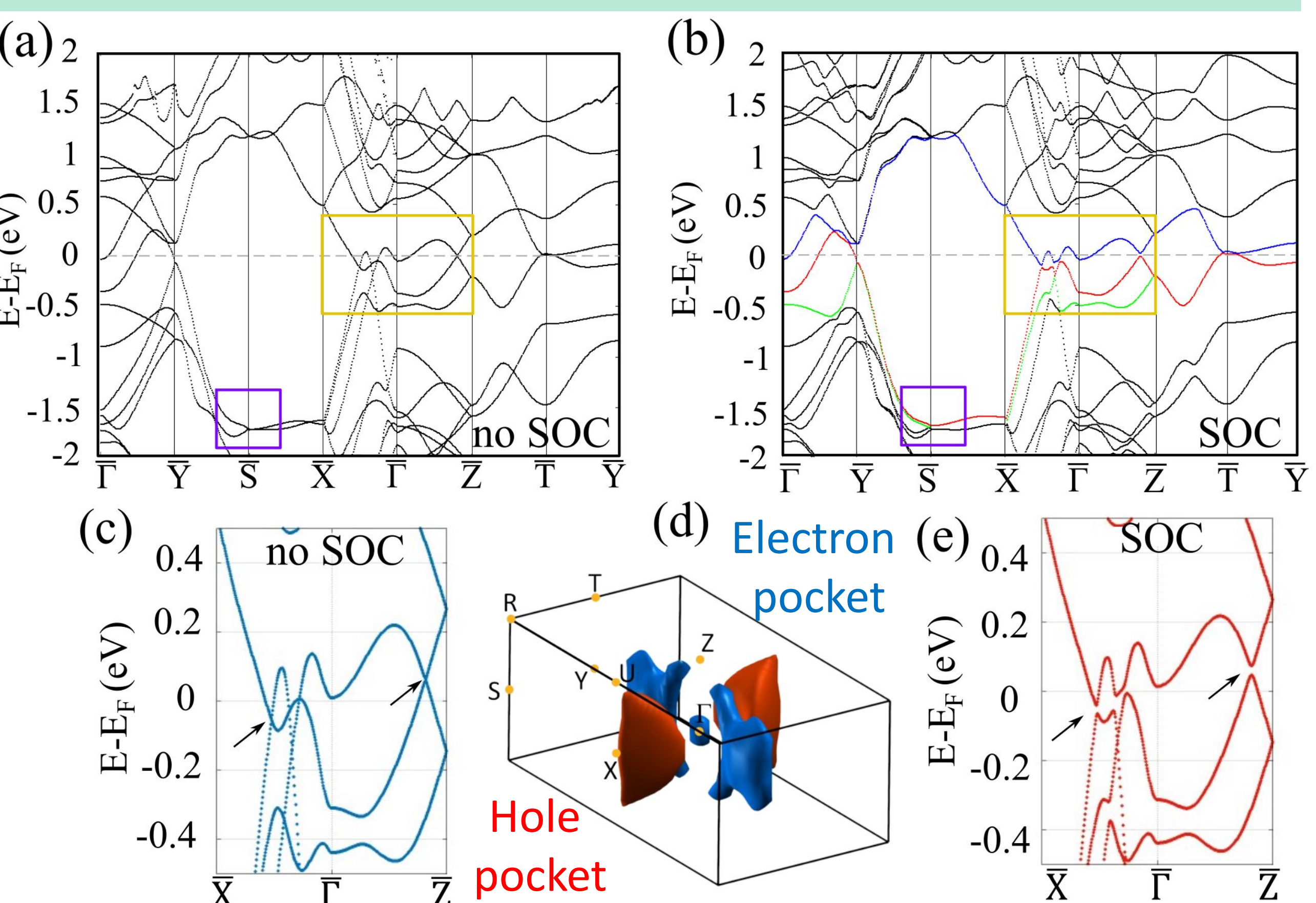
Studying the single crystals of ZrAs_2 by angle-resolved photoemission spectroscopy (ARPES) with DFT support helps us understand better how various symmetries are structured and impact the topological properties.



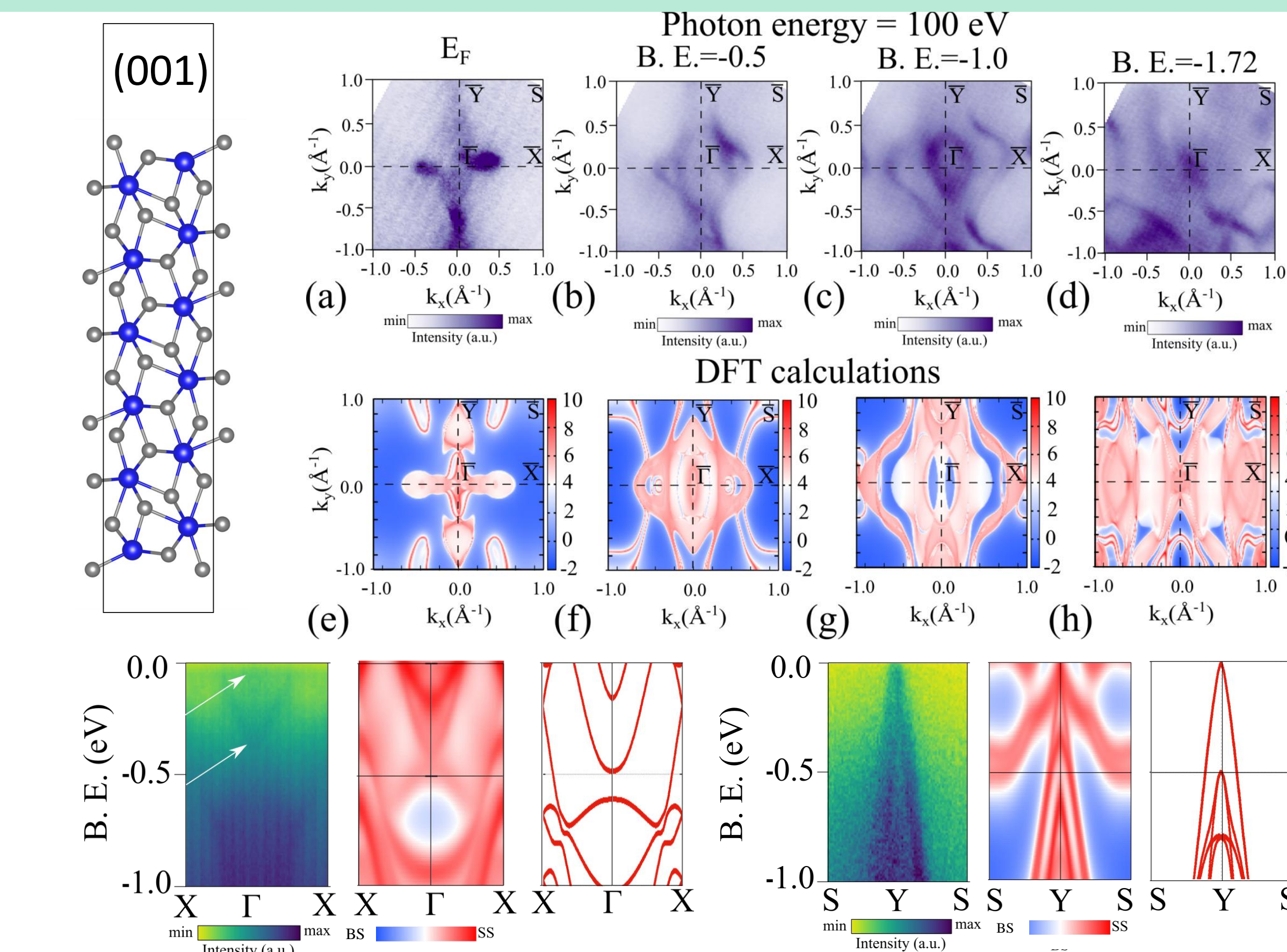
Crystal growth: Chemical Vapor transport (CVT)



DFT calculations:



ARPES:



Photon energy = 30 eV Photon energy = 100 eV
3D ARPES spectra

Non-symmorphic symmetry
protected band crossing

Summary

- High-quality needle shaped-crystals: orthorhombic (Pnma 62)
- We observed band structure of ZrAs_2 with bulk dominant bands at lower photon energies associated with nodal lines
- Inversion, TRS and non-symmorphic symmetry protected
- Robust band crossing against gap opening at S point (with SOC)

References

- [1] Phys. Rev. B **84**, 235126 (2011).
- [2] Nat. Commun. **7**, 11696 (2016).
- [3] Phys. Rev. B **103**, 245104 (2021)
- [4] Rev. B **109**, 075155 (2024)

A. S. Wadge et al. Phys. Rev. B **110**, 035142 (2024)

Acknowledgement: This research was supported by the Foundation for Polish Science project "MagTop" no. FENG.02.01-IP.05-0028/23 co-financed by the European Union from the funds of Priority 2 of the European Funds for a Smart Economy Program 2021–2027 (FENG).